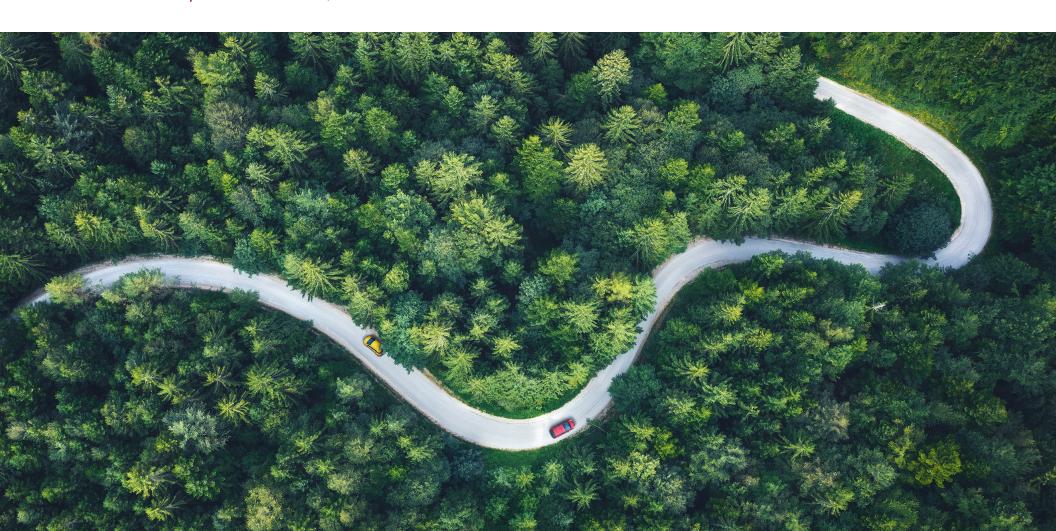


# **Global Markets Compass**

Quarterly market and economic breakdown to help guide you in the right direction Summer 2025 | As of June 30, 2025



#### CIBC ASSET MANAGEMENT

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## Portfolio Solutions Research Forum

The views of our Portfolio Solutions Research Forum help guide CIBC Asset Management and our partners by providing strategic asset allocation recommendations, as well as strategic and tactical investment oversight for CIBC managed solutions.



Leslie Alba Head, Portfolio Solutions **Total Investment Solutions** Chair, Portfolio Solutions Research Forum



**David Wong** CIO, Managing Director & Head **Total Investment Solutions** 



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Patrick Thillou Managing Director & Head Trading, Global Beta, Overlays and Outcome Management **Total Investment Solutions** 



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Francis Thivierge Senior Portfolio Manager Multi Asset & Currency Management



**Gaurav Dhiman** Portfolio Manager Global Fixed Income



**Crystal Maloney** Head of Equity Research



Alex Dyoujenko Director, Purpose Scores **Total Investment Solutions** 



Michael Keaveney Vice President Managed Solutions

### Market review



#### Canadian economic overview

- Canadian GDP declined from the previous month in April and was predicted to contract in May as the impact of tariffs reduced manufacturing activity, particularly among automotive related industries.
- While exports and imports rose at the end of 2024, both have declined to start the year, with a higher Canadian dollar leading to a sharp drop in exports in April.
- The Canadian dollar rose close to two cents vs the US dollar in April, the largest monthly increase in four years. This contributed to the largest monthly trade deficit on record, which was over \$7 billion in April, with all export sectors declining.
- Imports also fell across the board, except for gold imports as gold bullion rose to all-time highs above \$3400 USD/oz before ending the quarter at \$3300 USD/ounce, a gain of nearly 6% USD.
- Unemployment in Canada rose to 7% in May, the highest level since 2021 and the third consecutive monthly increase as tariffs impacted manufacturing. Unemployment was highest among younger Canadians.
- Canadian inflation dropped from 2.6% in February to 1.7% in the spring as oil prices declined ahead of an uptick from renewed Middle East conflict. Housing and travel prices also slowed given consumer concerns over the impacts of tariffs and employment uncertainty.
- The Bank of Canada left rates unchanged at its two quarterly meetings during the second quarter of this year, citing continued uncertainty around trade policies.



#### Fixed income markets

- After widening at the start of the quarter, global credit spreads tightened slightly as investors favoured risk assets such as high-yield bonds. The Bloomberg Global Aggregate Bond Index fell 0.9% CAD in the quarter, while US Treasuries traded in a relatively tight range, ending the quarter with small positive gains, despite the yield curve steepening.
- European government bonds outperformed as lower inflation led the European Central Bank to cut interest rates in April and June, but suggested it was approaching the end of its easing cycle. Italian bonds outperformed other European countries in the quarter.
- The FTSE Canada Universe Bond Index fell -0.6% CAD, impacted by declines in real return, government, and long-term bonds. This was partly offset by strength among high-yield issues.



#### **Equities**

#### Canadian equity market

- After a brief decline to start the quarter, the S&P/TSX Composite Index rose over 8.5% in Q2, eclipsing all-time highs.
- All equity sectors rose, with the energy sector posting the weakest gains as crude oil prices fell close to 9% USD. More cyclical sectors such as consumer discretionary, financials and information technology posted double-digit gains, with the financials sector having the largest impact.

#### US equity market

- Following a brief correction last quarter in the S&P 500 and Nasdag indices and a volatility spike in early April, US equity markets roared back in May and June—bucking the historically weaker spring market trend.
- In a reversal of the prior quarter, Magnificent 7 stocks led the US and therefore global markets higher alongside a growth-led rally in May and June.
- The information technology (up 17.3% CAD) and communications services (up 12.3% CAD) sectors had the largest impact, while defensive sectors such as energy and health care and more yield-tilted sectors provided negative offset.

#### International

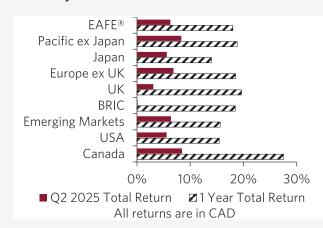
- European equities underperformed the US and other global indices comprised of more growth-oriented companies. While crude oil prices rose in mid-June on concerns over US military actions in Iran, they ended the guarter in negative territory which helped ease inflation concerns. Other commodities rose in the second quarter but vastly underperformed other sectors and industries.
- Following several years of underperformance, the MSCI Emerging Markets Index outperformed in the quarter and first half of the year, led by smallercap and growth stocks while stocks in Asia benefited from the weaker US dollar.
- The MSCI EAFE Index rose over 5% in local currency terms (6.3% CAD), helped by double-digit gains in the higher growth technology and communications services sectors, while also benefiting from strength in more defensive sections such as utilities. Negative returns were observed in the energy and health care sectors which impacted stocks in the UK.

## Summary in charts

A traditional 60/40 equity and fixed income balanced portfolio continues to benefit from diversification. It outperformed bonds over the guarter and US equities over the 6-month period.

3 Months	6 Months	1 Year
Canadian Equities 8.53%	International Equities 13.78%	Canadian Equities 26.37%
Canadian Dividend 7.57%	Canadian Dividend 10.36%	Canadian Dividend 24.27%
Emerging Market Equities 6.37%	Canadian Equities 10.17%	International Equities 18.00%
International Equities 6.25%	Emerging Market Equities 9.65%	Global Equities 16.44%
Global Equities 5.83%	Global Equities 4.13%	Emerging Market Equities 15.64%
US Equities 5.18%	Balanced Portfolio 3.83%	US Equities 14.84%
Balanced Portfolio 2.73%	Canadian High Yield 3.17%	Balanced Portfolio 12.07%
Canadian High Yield 1.91%	Canadian Corporate Bonds 2.28%	Canadian High Yield 10.03%
Cash 0.64%	Global Bonds 1.77%	Global Bonds 8.18%
Canadian Corporate Bonds 0.45%	Cash 1.48%	Canadian Corporate Bonds 8.15%
Global Bonds -0.85%	Canadian Gov Bonds 1.17%	Canadian Gov Bonds 5.47%
Canadian Gov Bonds -0.90%	US Equities 0.76%	Cash 3.82%

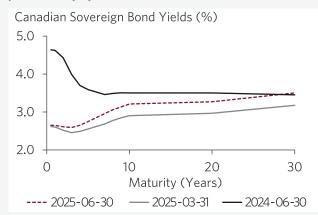
Equity markets remain robust despite continued trade tariff uncertainty.



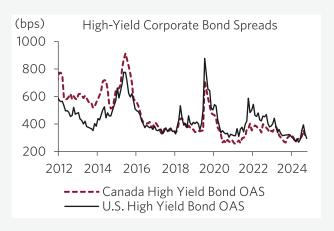
US equities trade at higher relative valuations but are expected to deliver stronger earnings growth than the rest of the world.



The Canadian bond yield curve steepened over the quarter, a continuation of the trend over previous quarters as the term premium (10y-2y Yield) restores.



After rising in April, high-yield bond spreads fell, reapproaching tight levels seen earlier this year.



Canadian Dollar Total Returns. Performance of CIBC Smart Balanced is used to illustrate the performance of a balanced, multi-asset portfolio. Source: PC Bond Analytics, FTSE Global Debt Capital Markets Inc., Zephyr Associates Inc., Rimes Technologies Inc., Bloomberg. Benchmark Proxies: MSCI EAFE® (EAFE®), MSCI Pacific ex Japan (Pacific ex Japan), MSCI Japan (Japan), MSCI Europe ex UK (Europe ex UK), MSCI UK (UK), MSCI BRIC (BRIC), MSCI Emerging Markets (Emerging Markets). "EAFE®" is a registered trademark of MSCI Inc., used under license. Source: MSCI

Indices, TSX © Copyright 2025 TSX Inc. All rights reserved., Bloomberg, Rimes Technologies Inc. Data as of June 30, 2025.

## Summer 2025 Global Market Compass commentary

#### Risk-on over the long term, however cautious in the near term

Our strategic outlook remains broadly constructive, supported by our quantitative models, macroeconomic fundamentals, and long-term thematic conviction. Our investment process continues to support a risk-on stance, favouring equities over bonds over the medium to long term. However, with short-term volatility and tariff-related disruptions expected to weigh on markets through H2 2025, we maintain a measured near-term view.

## Global economic slowdown probable, but recession likely to be avoided

CIBC Asset Management's 12-month economic forecast continues to emphasize a US-led global slowdown, which remains the base case scenario with a 50% probability. This outlook is offset in part by stronger policy support in Canada and Europe—both fiscal and monetary—and continued resilience in labour markets and real yields. While the slowdown is modest, the US is expected to bear the brunt of higher trade tariffs. Notably, US policy support is viewed as insufficient to fully counteract these headwinds, whereas stimulus measures in the rest of the world (RoW) are expected to play a more meaningful role in sustaining growth.

Scenario probabilities have remained stable since Spring 2025, with a 35% chance of mild recession and only a 15% likelihood of stronger-than-expected growth. Key downside risks include prolonged trade negotiations or the absence of a favorable trade deal for Canada, while upside surprises could emerge from a stronger-than-expected stimulus impact or a confidence rebound following trade breakthroughs.

As demonstrated by resilient equity performance, market pricing appears complacent toward downside risks—equities seem priced for perfection, leaving little room for error. Current valuations imply a benign outcome despite persistent macro and policy risks. If downside scenarios materialize,

particularly around trade disruptions or policy missteps, equity corrections could be significant, potentially in the range of 20-30%, with US markets most vulnerable given their elevated starting point.

### US equities: still exceptional, but moderating as international markets are poised to catch up

We continue to observe growing signs of moderation in US exceptionalism, particularly outside of mega-cap tech. While innovation-led returns (e.g., AI) remain a powerful structural driver, the breadth of US equity leadership is narrowing. Valuations remain stretched, and the earnings premium relative to the rest of the world is compressing. Recent underperformance of US equities versus other global markets—particularly Canada, Europe, and Emerging Markets (EM)—reflects a shift in sentiment as policy volatility, fiscal constraints, and tariff-driven inflation raise questions about the durability of US outperformance.

Despite its advantages—including a culture of risk-taking, deep capital markets, and high profitability across sectors—the US may be approaching the limits of its market dominance. With the S&P 500 already accounting for over 70% of the MSCI World Index, even sustained outperformance would only marginally increase its global market share. Meanwhile, structural headwinds such as rising input costs, slower share buybacks, and persistent concentration in the Magnificent 7 (which now account for around 30% of the index) pose risks to equity leadership. Medium-term USD depreciation further complicates the picture for foreign investors.

In contrast, Canada and Europe offer improving macro support, aided by fiscal stimulus and relative insulation from US trade policy. China's ascent in technology and manufacturing—particularly in EVs, solar, and Al infrastructure—signals the emergence of a more multipolar investment environment. While risks to investing in China remain high, the country is clearly reshaping global competitive dynamics.

This evolving backdrop also challenges implementation decisions. When market leadership narrows, active managers face headwinds in benchmark-relative performance. However, if we see an unwinding of relative exceptionalism, we may see active managers outperform. We retain a diversified fulfillment approach and are actively and continuously evaluating the market environment to better manage cyclicality in alpha, style trends, and concentration risk.

#### The gravitational pull of mean-reversion

Across asset classes and fulfillment styles, we remain anchored in the principles of diversification and mean reversion. While short-term catalysts for reversal are often unpredictable, long-term history provides compelling evidence for both regional and manager-level rotation.

Mean reversion in relative regional performance remains a foundational investment concept. As of Q2 2025, the US represents around 72% of the MSCI World Index by market capitalization—approaching the highs last seen at the peak of the dot-com era. For perspective, Japan overtook the US in 1987 and peaked at 49% of global equity markets in 1989 before a long reversion lower. Today, the US continues to outpace its share of global GDP, benefiting from years of low rates and margin expansion. While innovation may sustain US leadership for now, these historical cycles remind us that market dominance is rarely permanent.

Cyclicality in alpha generation is also pronounced. Our analysis of the eVestment Global Large Cap Equity universe shows that a large share of top-performing managers in one year tend to underperform the next. In fact, 53% of managers in the top quartile in 2015 fell to the bottom quartile in 2016, underscoring how difficult it is to consistently time manager outperformance. This reinforces our conviction in diversifying across multiple alpha sources and avoiding recency bias in fulfillment decisions.

Given these dynamics, we maintain a globally diversified approach across geographies, fulfillment styles, and signals—avoiding over-concentration in any single region or theme. This discipline is particularly critical at a time when market leadership is narrow, valuations are stretched, and

forward-looking return dispersion is elevated across both managers and regions, reflecting divergent macro conditions, initial valuation levels, and fulfillment styles.

## Remaining fully invested, while purposefully managing near-term uncertainty

Our long-term orientation remains risk-on, with equities continuing to be the cornerstone for wealth generation, underpinned by strong model signals, enduring macroeconomic trends, and the historical resilience of diversified portfolios. Yet in the near term, we remain mindful of persistent policy uncertainty, full valuations, and the asymmetric risks tied to concentrated market leadership.

History reminds us that leadership—whether across regions, sectors, or strategies—is rarely permanent. As such, tactical patience, selective positioning, and disciplined diversification will remain central to portfolio construction through the second half of 2025. We believe this approach best equips portfolios to navigate volatility while maintaining long-term opportunity capture.



Leslie Alba, CFA, MBA Head, Portfolio Solutions **Total Investment Solutions** Chair, Portfolio Solutions Research Forum



Michael Keaveney, CFA, MSc Vice President Managed Solutions



Summer Yang, MBA Credit Analyst Portfolio Management & Research

### Our asset allocation views



### **Strategic**

There are no changes to our long-term views, or base probability estimates, of relative asset class performance

#### Our strategic views:

- Equities will remain the cornerstone of wealth generation and will continue to reward investors for additional volatility over risk-free assets.
- Similar to equities, over the long term, corporate bonds will reward investors for additional risk, such as default risk.
- Higher growth in Emerging Markets relative to Developed Markets (DMs) will drive a higher relative return.
- Market-impacting events can unfold unpredictably; our priority is to continue to identify diversifying assets that will create value for our clients



#### **Tactical**

#### Tactical preference for equities over bonds

Relative to generic strategic asset allocation, our research view is supportive of:

- Overweight equity, with a more favourable outlook for Canada, Europe and Emerging Markets
- Underweight fixed income, with a preference for EM and US government bonds over short-term Canadian bonds
- Neutral cash

#### Our tactical views:

- The global macro backdrop remains broadly supportive of equities. We expect tariff headwinds to remain contained and largely offset by synchronized fiscal and monetary stimulus. Meanwhile, anticipated trade deals should reduce policy uncertainty and improve risk sentiment. Also, the Fed is likely to resume rate cuts, which supports both equity valuations and global activity.
- Within equities, our outlook for US equities remains constructive, however, we have a more favourable outlook outside the US. Canadian equities are well-positioned for relative outperformance as domestic growth accelerates amid a US slowdown. In Europe, improving medium-term prospects—driven by supportive fiscal and monetary policies—should lift equity markets. EM equities are supported by a weaker US dollar, continued strength in the global tech cycle, the lagged effects of earlier EM rate cuts, and lower oil prices.
- We support an underweight in fixed income relative to equities, reflecting stronger near-term equity prospects. Within fixed income, we favour EM and US government bonds as they offer relatively elevated yields which could decline and drive outperformance looking ahead.

Read our detailed outlook for the global economy in the Summer 2025 issue of Perspectives.

Source: CIBC Asset Management Inc.

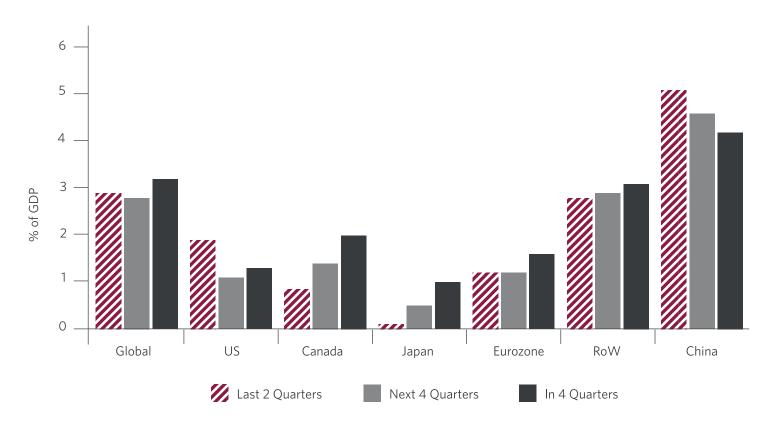
# **Economic review**

Summer 2025 Global Markets Compass

## Global macro outlook

While the US is expected to face the most significant tariff-related headwinds, with a projected 1% GDP drag over the next 12 months—likely prompting the Fed to cut rates by 100 basis points—growth outside the US is expected to accelerate in most cases, albeit from a low base. Canada, Europe, and emerging markets are demonstrating economic resilience, bolstered by reduced trade uncertainty from anticipated trade deals, limited exposure to US tariffs, synchronized policy stimulus, and the supportive effects of lower oil prices.

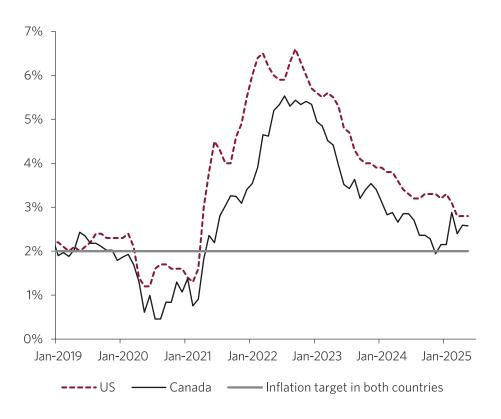
#### Narrower GDP growth differentials between US & other DMs



## Inflation in Canada has been coming down

Canadian inflation dropped from 2.6% in February to 1.7% in the spring as oil prices declined ahead of an uptick from renewed Middle East conflict. Housing and travel prices also slowed given consumer concerns over the impacts of tariffs and employment uncertainty.

#### CPI excluding food & energy

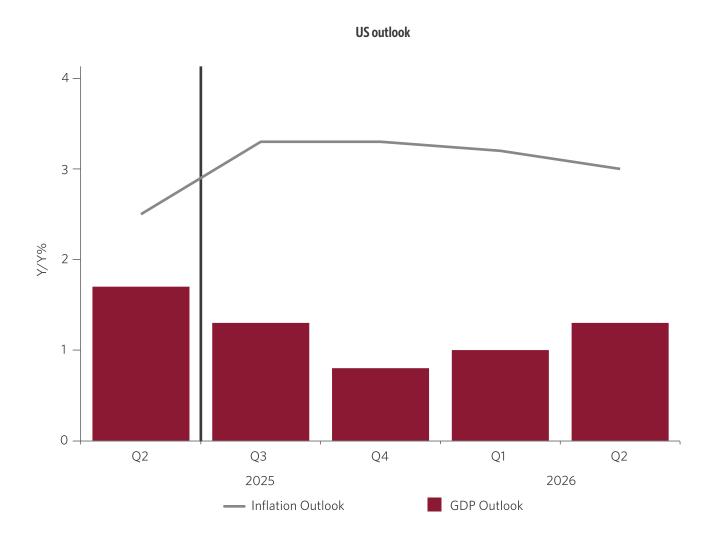


#### **Canadian consumer price inflation**

Categories	12-month inflation	Change from previous quarter
CPI	2.3%	0.4%
Core CPI	2.2%	0.1%
Food	3.2%	3.8%
Energy	-0.3%	-5.7%
Shelter	3.9%	-0.5%
Transportation	1.2%	-2.2%
Health and personal care	2.5%	0.2%
Recreation, education and reading	0.9%	-1.0%
Clothing and footwear	0.2%	1.5%
Alcoholic beverages and tobacco products	2.4%	3.4%
Household operations, furnishings and equipment	0.8%	1.1%

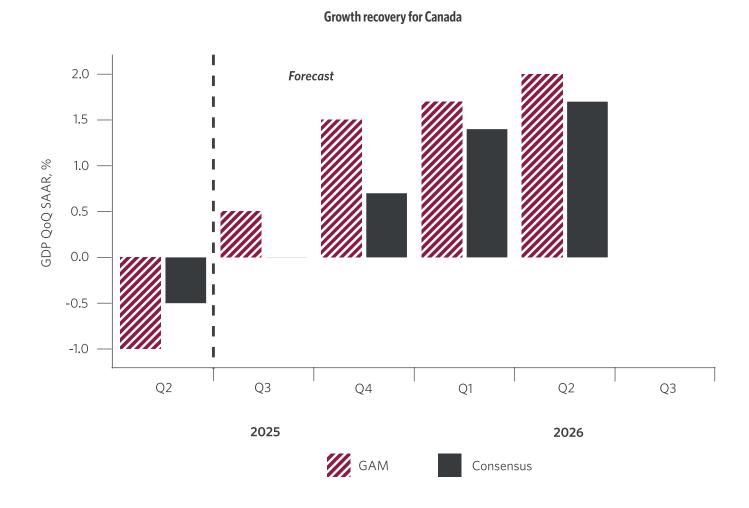
## **US** outlook

In the US, the tariff shock is expected to reduce GDP growth by about 1% over the next 12 months. While the drag will be front-loaded, it remains manageable. The 2018 tariffs on China caused a brief inflation spike, followed by slower growth and disinflation—a pattern we expect to repeat. Headline inflation may stay above 3% over the next year due to base effects, but quarterly annualized inflation should fall below 2.5% by Q4 and stabilize between 2.2% and 2.5% thereafter.



## Canada outlook

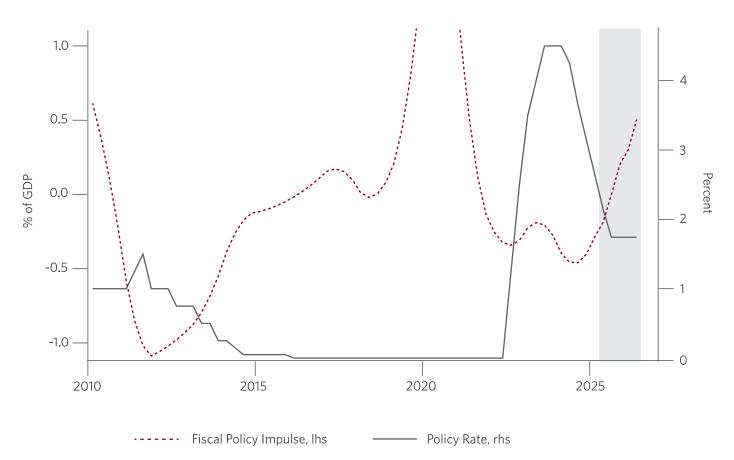
GDP is expected to recover modestly and outperform consensus, driven by reduced uncertainty following a US trade deal, positive real wage growth, limited US tariffs, past and expected rate cuts, and fiscal stimulus.



## Eurozone outlook

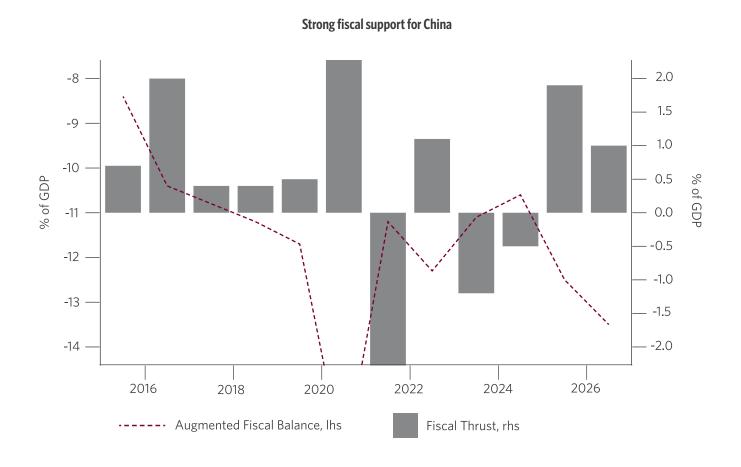
Policy support remains strong: Germany is launching a multi-year defense and infrastructure program, and the European Central Bank (ECB) has already delivered significant rate cuts. Also, tariff exposure is limited, as US exports make up a small share of GDP.

#### Important policy tailwinds for the eurozone



## China outlook

Solid fiscal support for technology investment, local governments, and housing is expected to broadly mitigate the impact of tariffs. US tariffs are expected to reduce China's GDP growth by about 0.6% over the next four quarters. The impact is relatively modest despite a 30% effective tariff assumption, reflecting China's reduced reliance on US demand due to deeper penetration in non-US markets in recent years and more adaptable global supply chains—built through years of preparation for a more protectionist world.

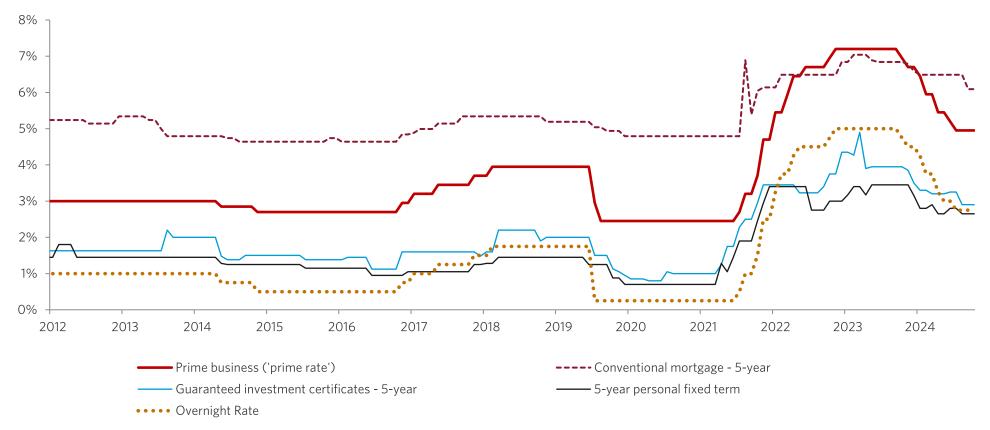


# Fixed income, currency and commodities markets

Summer 2025 Global Markets Compass

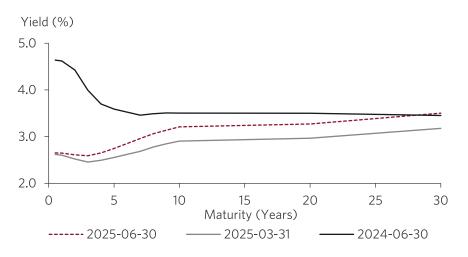
## Canadian key interest rates

The Bank of Canada left rates unchanged at its two meetings in Q2 2025, citing continued uncertainty around trade policies. We continue to believe the long-term direction of travel for the overnight lending rate is downwards, however the timing of this remains dependent on inflation and unemployment over the coming months.



# Canadian sovereign bond yields

We expect short-term Canadian bond yields should continue to decline from current levels as the Bank of Canada continues to reduce its policy rate. The yield curve is still inverted over the near term, but we expect an eventual return to a normal/sloped yield curve.





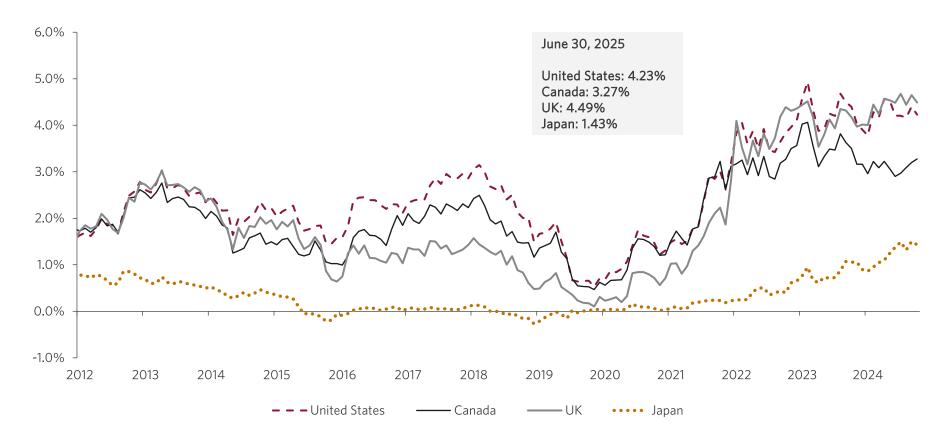
#### Canadian bond yields (%)

Period	3 mo	6 mo	1 yr	2 yr	3 yr	4 yr	5 yr	7 yr	8 yr	9 yr	10 yr	20 yr	30 yr
2025-06-30	2.67	2.65	2.65	2.61	2.59	2.65	2.75	2.96	3.06	3.14	3.21	3.27	3.50
2025-03-31	2.67	2.62	2.60	2.52	2.46	2.49	2.56	2.69	2.78	2.85	2.90	2.97	3.18
2024-06-30	4.67	4.64	4.62	4.43	3.99	3.70	3.59	3.46	3.49	3.51	3.50	3.50	3.45

# Global government bond yields

10-year government bond yields across most major economies remain at very attractive levels relative to longer-term history.

#### Global government bond yields

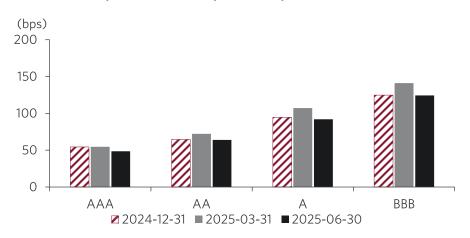


Source: Bloomberg. Data as of June 30, 2025.

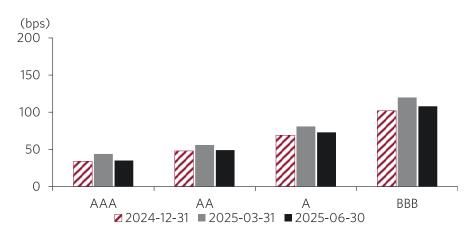
## **Credit spreads**

Credit spreads tightened over the quarter as market participants became less concerned about a potential recession.

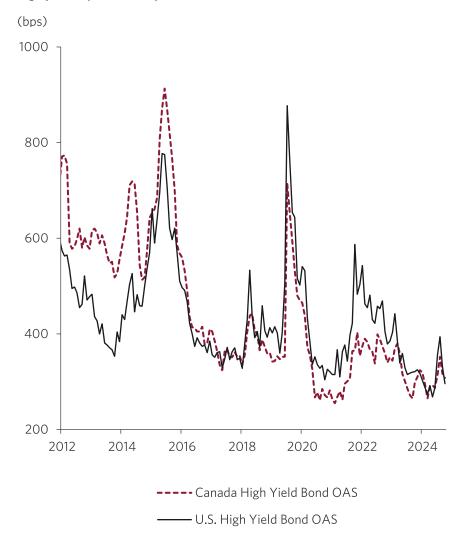
#### FTSE Canada all corporate bond index corporate bond spreads



#### The BofA Merrill Lynch US corporate index corporate bond spreads



#### **High-yield corporate bond spreads**

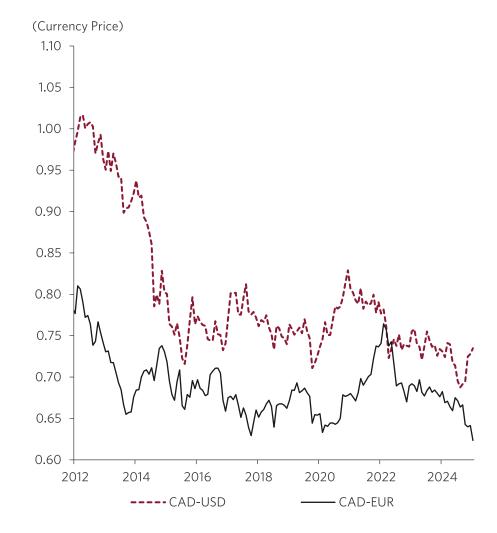


High-yield bond sectors represented by Merrill Lynch Canada High Yield Index and Merrill Lynch U.S. High Yield Master II Index. Investment grade corporate bond sectors represented by FTSE Canada Universe Corporate Index and BofA Merrill Lynch U.S. Corporate Index. Source: Bloomberg, Bank of America Merrill Lynch Bond Indices, PC Bond Analytics, FTSE Global Debt Capital Markets Inc. Data as of June 30, 2025.

# Key Canadian dollar (CAD) exchange rates

	Currency	Exchange	6-30-25	3-31-25
	US Dollar	CAD-USD	0.73	0.70
****	Euro	CAD-EUR	0.62	0.64
	Japanese Yen	CAD-JPY	105.85	104.23
	Pound Sterling	CAD-GBP	1.87	1.86
* :	Australian Dollar	CAD-AUD	1.12	1.11
+	Swiss Franc	CAD-CHF	0.58	0.61
*	Hong Kong Dollar	CAD-HKD	5.77	5.41
k‡	Chinese Yuan	CAD-CNY	5.26	5.05
╇	Swedish Krona	CAD-SEK	6.95	6.98
**.	New Zealand Dollar	CAD-NZD	1.21	1.22
# # #	South Korean Won	CAD-KRW	994.60	1024.66
(t)	Singapore Dollar	CAD-SGD	0.93	0.93
	Norwegian Krone	CAD-NOK	7.41	7.31
<b>3</b>	Mexican Peso	CAD-MXN	13.78	14.23
	Brazilian Real	CAD-BRL	3.99	3.97
<b>(6)</b>	Indian Rupee	CAD-INR	62.69	59.56

USD continues to weaken relative to the CAD and many other major currencies. Downwards pressure on the dollar include investors pricing in some global trade rebalancing and concerns over US policymaking.



Source: MSFX Indices, Rimes Technologies Inc. Data as of June 30, 2025.

## Canadian bonds: Performance

Over the quarter and on a 1-year basis, high-yield and corporate bonds delivered some of the strongest returns as the market expressed "risk-on" behaviour. The short end of the yield curve outperformed the long end as the yield curve steepened.

3 Months	6 Months	1 Year	3 Year	5 Year	7 Year	10 Year
High Yield	High Yield	High Yield	High Yield	High Yield	High Yield	High Yield
1.91%	3.17%	10.03%	9.15%	6.72%	5.56%	5.97%
Short Term	MBS	Corporate	Corporate	Short Term	Corporate	Corporate
0.49%	2.61%	8.15%	6.27%	1.76%	3.16%	3.04%
Corporate 0.45%	Mid Term	Mid Term	Mid Term	Corporate	Short Term	Mid Term
	2.30%	7.38%	4.76%	1.69%	2.47%	2.08%
MBS	Corporate	Short Term	Short Term	MBS	Mid Term	Short Term
-0.25%	2.28%	6.34%	4.42%	1.11%	2.31%	1.94%
Mid Term	Short Term	Core	Core	Mid Term	MBS	Core
-0.35%	2.19%	6.13%	4.31%	0.17%	2.19%	1.88%
Core	Core	MBS	MBS	Real Return	Core	MBS
-0.57%	1.44%	5.91%	3.87%	-0.13%	1.85%	1.85%
Federal	Federal	Real Return	Government	Core	Real Return	Real Return
-0.83%	1.41%	5.83%	3.65%	-0.38%	1.41%	1.63%
Government	Real Return	Government	Real Return	Federal	Government	Long Term
-0.90%	1.23%	5.47%	3.56%	-0.59%	1.39%	1.51%
Real Return	Government	Federal	Long Term	Government	Federal	Government
-2.15%	1.17%	5.33%	3.51%	-1.10%	1.39%	1.48%
Long Term	Long Term	Long Term	Federal	Long Term	Long Term	Federal
-2.32%	-0.57%	4.31%	3.34%	-3.69%	0.47%	1.20%

Source: PC Bond Analytics, FTSE Global Debt Capital Markets Inc. Canadian dollar total returns. Data as of June 30, 2025.

# Currency returns relative to the Canadian dollar

Over Q2 and on a 1-year basis, Canadian investors would have benefitted from holding European currencies like Swiss Franc, Euro and Sterling relative to holding US dollar.

3 Months	6 Months	1 Year	3 Year	5 Year	7 Year	10 Year
Swiss Franc	Swiss Franc	Swiss Franc	Swiss Franc	Mexican Peso	Swiss Franc	Swiss Franc
5.48%	8.30%	12.72%	8.37%	4.34%	3.75%	2.53%
Mexican Peso	Euro	Japanese Yen	Pound Sterling	Swiss Franc	Singapore Dollar	Singapore Dollar
3.27%	7.73%	11.12%	6.07%	3.67%	1.51%	1.45%
Euro	Mexican Peso	Euro	Euro	Pound Sterling	Mexican Peso	Euro
3.07%	5.07%	9.45%	5.91%	2.13%	1.45%	1.42%
Pound Sterling	Pound Sterling	Pound Sterling	Singapore Dollar	Singapore Dollar	Pound Sterling	U.S. Dollar
0.54%	3.83%	8.09%	4.95%	1.92%	1.08%	0.86%
Singapore Dollar	Japanese Yen	Singapore Dollar	Mexican Peso	Euro	Euro	Hong Kong Dollar
-0.12%	3.29%	6.09%	4.42%	1.01%	0.63%	0.73%
Australian Dollar	Singapore Dollar	Chinese Yuan	U.S. Dollar	U.S. Dollar	U.S. Dollar	Pound Sterling
-0.36%	1.60%	0.96%	1.87%	0.05%	0.51%	-0.48%
Japanese Yen	Australian Dollar	U.S. Dollar	Hong Kong Dollar	Hong Kong Dollar	Hong Kong Dollar	Chinese Yuan
-1.52%	0.60%	-0.52%	1.87%	-0.20%	0.51%	-0.58%
Chinese Yuan	Chinese Yuan	Hong Kong Dollar	Australian Dollar	Chinese Yuan	Chinese Yuan	Australian Dollar
-3.99%	-3.60%	-1.06%	0.31%	-0.25%	-0.63%	-0.71%
U.S. Dollar	U.S. Dollar	Australian Dollar	Japanese Yen	Australian Dollar	Australian Dollar	Japanese Yen
-5.41%	-5.39%	-1.84%	-0.15%	-0.87%	-1.15%	-0.77%
Hong Kong Dollar	Hong Kong Dollar	Mexican Peso	Chinese Yuan	Japanese Yen	Japanese Yen	Mexican Peso
-6.26%	-6.36%	-2.68%	-0.38%	-5.58%	-3.21%	-0.84%

Source: MSFX Indices, Rimes Technologies Inc. Data as of June 30, 2025.

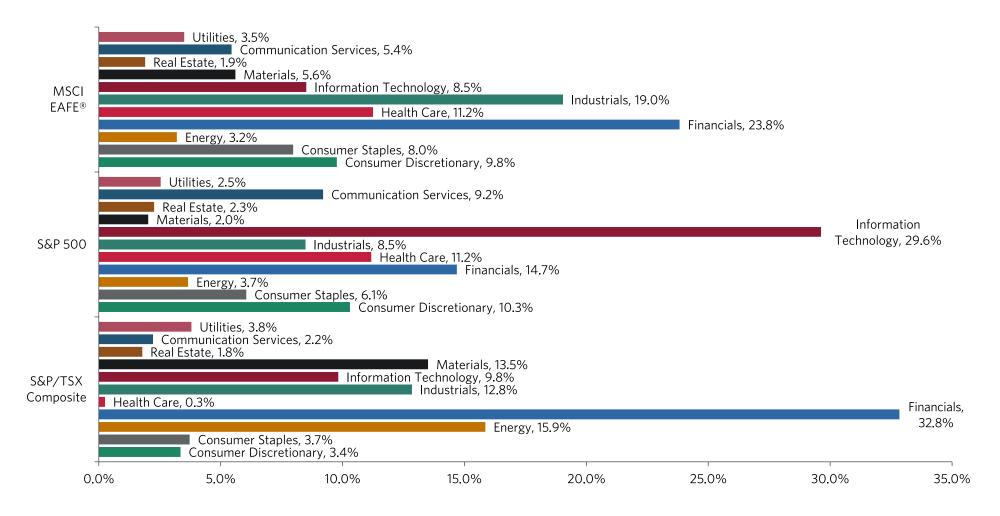
# **Equity markets**

Summer 2025 Global Markets Compass

## Canadian equities

The Canadian equity market is comprised of more cyclical industries like financials, energy, materials and industrials than non-domestic markets. The difference in sector composition is a large driver of relative performance.

#### GICS sector breakdown across equity markets



Source: S&P/TSX GICS Indices, TSX© Copyright 2025 TSX Inc. All rights reserved. Due to rounding totals may not always equal 100%. Data as of June 30, 2025.

# Global equities: GICS sector returns

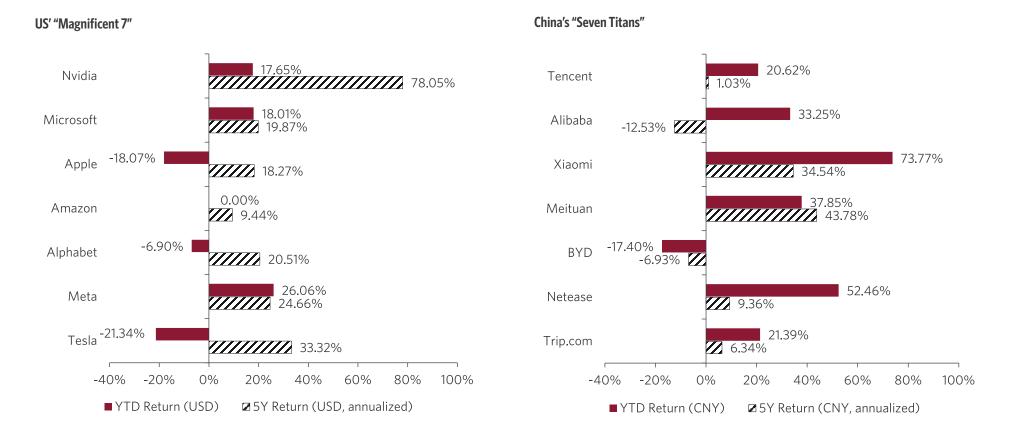
Over the quarter, and despite heightened volatility around April 2, "Liberation Day", growth stocks in the information technology, communications services and consumer discretionary sectors contributed most the equity market strength, while the energy sector was a drag given the decline in oil prices. On a 1-year basis, financials and utilities have delivered the strongest returns.

3 Months	6 Months	1 Year	3 Year	5 Year	7 Year	10 Year
Information Technology 16.84%	Industrials 11.85%	Financials 34.64%	Information Technology 32.33%	Financials 20.83%	Information Technology 21.75%	Information Technology 22.10%
Communication Services 12.96%	Financials 11.03%	Utilities 26.07%	Communication Services 27.41%	Information Technology 20.50%	Communication Services 14.79%	Industrials 12.29%
Industrials 9.08%	Utilities 10.56%	Communication Services 24.82%	Financials 26.31%	Energy 20.44%	Financials 12.71%	Financials 11.72%
Consumer Discretionary 4.96%	Communication Services 8.10%	Industrials 24.23%	Industrials 24.98%	Industrials 16.97%	Industrials 12.32%	Consumer Discretionary 11.54%
Financials 4.47%	Materials 4.79%	Consumer Discretionary 15.64%	Consumer Discretionary 19.40%	Communication Services 15.29%	Consumer Discretionary 11.14%	Communication Services 10.96%
Utilities 2.86%	Consumer Staples 4.22%	Information Technology 15.11%	Utilities 13.20%	Consumer Discretionary 11.90%	Utilities 10.18%	Utilities 10.10%
Materials 0.70%	Information Technology 3.03%	Consumer Staples 12.18%	Energy 12.19%	Utilities 10.48%	Health Care 8.91%	Materials 8.72%
Consumer Staples -1.84%	Energy -0.31%	Materials 4.49%	Materials 11.50%	Materials 10.44%	Consumer Staples 8.10%	Consumer Staples 8.09%
Health Care -8.95%	Health Care -4.06%	Energy -0.21%	Consumer Staples 9.91%	Consumer Staples 8.25%	Materials 7.71%	Health Care 7.89%
Energy -9.73%	Consumer Discretionary -5.70%	Health Care -5.40%	Health Care 6.19%	Health Care 6.60%	Energy 6.12%	Energy 6.55%

Source: PC Bond Analytics, FTSE Global Debt Capital Markets Inc. Canadian dollar total returns. Data as of June 30, 2025.

## US vs. China tech stocks

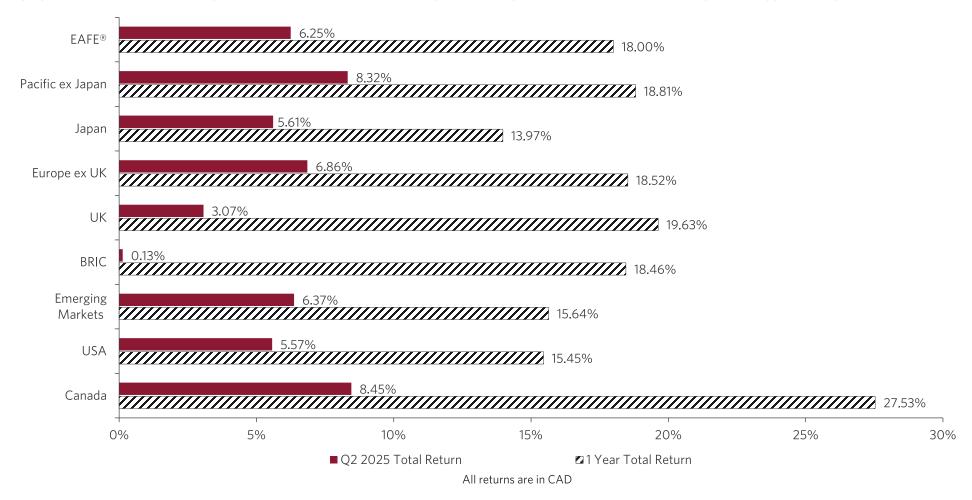
China's "Seven Titans" (c. 40% of MSCI China) have outpaced the US "Magnificent 7" (c. 31% of S&P 500). On a market-cap weighted average basis, China's "Seven Titans" delivered 26.3%, while US "Magnificent 7" delivered 3.6% in local currency terms. We believe that innovation tailwinds in China could lead to a narrowing gap between the two markets.



Source: CIBC Asset Management, Bloomberg. Data as of June 30, 2025.

## Global equities performance

Equity markets remain robust despite continued trade tariff uncertainty. Several major markets either reached new peaks or approached previous ones.

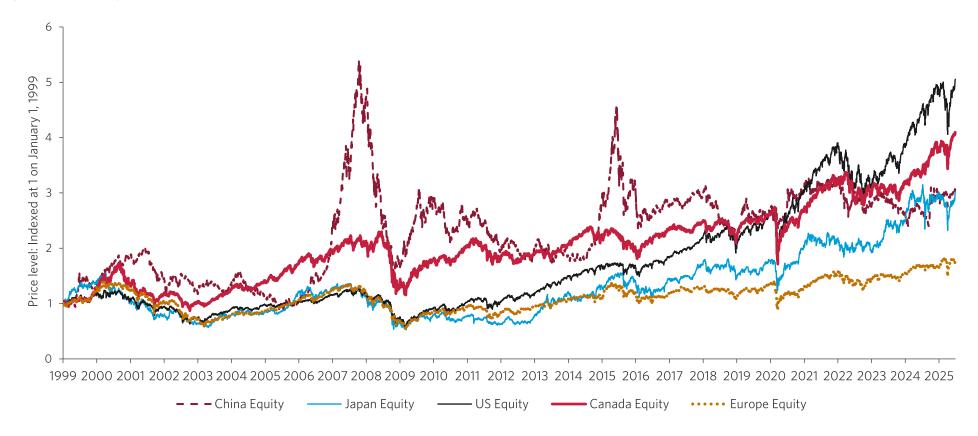


Source: MSCI Indices, Bloomberg. All returns are in CAD.

Benchmark Proxies: MSCI EAFE® (EAFE®), MSCI Pacific ex Japan (Pacific ex Japan), MSCI Japan (Japan), MSCI Europe ex UK (Europe ex UK), MSCI UK (UK), MSCI BRIC (BRIC), MSCI Emerging Markets (Emerging Markets). Data as of June 30, 2025.

## Global equity markets

Despite volatility at the beginning of Q2, major global equity markets delivered strong returns over the full quarter. US and Canada equities closed the quarter at record peak levels.

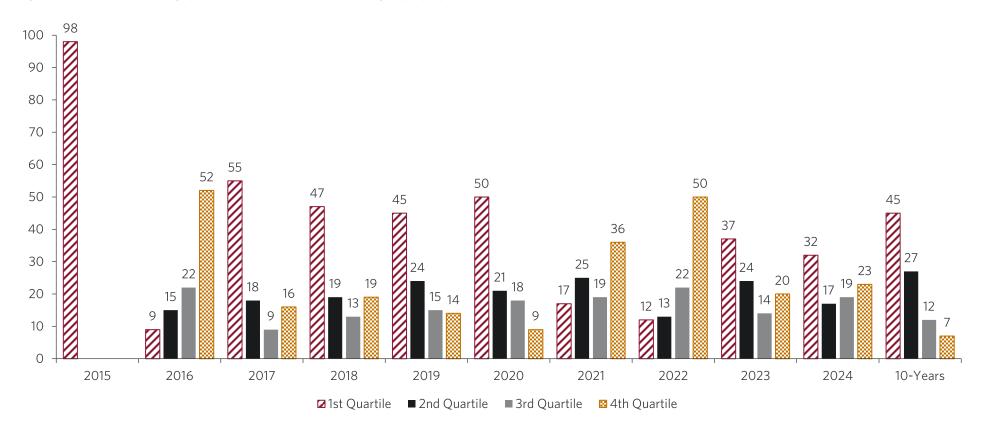


Source: CIBC Asset Management, Bloomberg. Data from January 1, 1999 to June 30, 2025. Benchmark proxies: China Equity: Shanghai Composite Index (CNY); Japan Equity: Nikkei Index (JPY); US Equity: S&P 500 Index (USD); Canada Equity: S&P/TSX Composite Index (CAD); Europe Equity: MSCI Europe Index (Local Currencies).

# Mean reversion in active management is normal

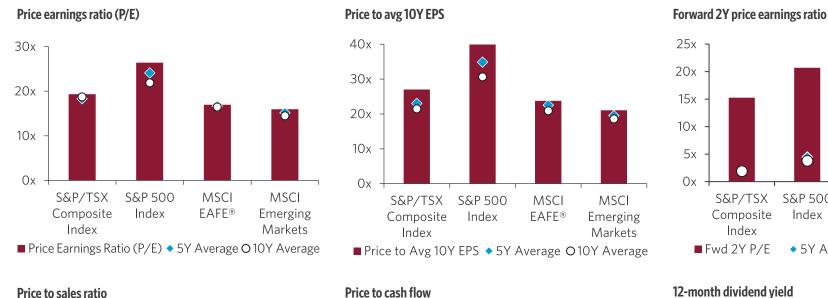
There were 98 first quartile Global Large Cap Equity Universe managers in 2015. In 2016, 52 of them fell to the bottom quartile. Only 45 out of the 98 managers had top-quartile 10-year performance.

#### Migration of first quartile ranking by calendar year - eVestment Global Large Cap Equity Universe

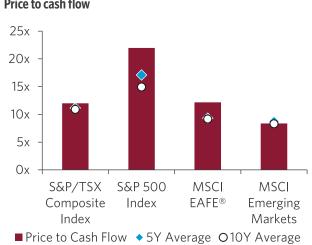


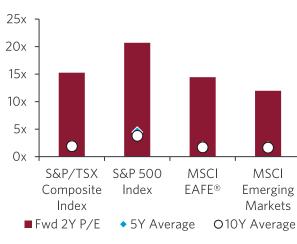
## **Equity valuation measures**

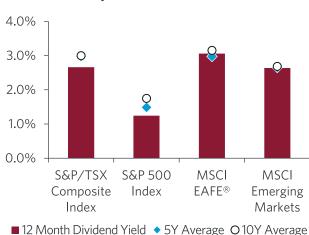
US equities trade at higher relative valuations but are expected to deliver stronger earnings growth than the rest of the world.











Source: TSX © Copyright 2025 TSX Inc. All rights reserved., Bloomberg, Rimes Technology Inc. Data as of June 30, 2025.

# **Asset allocation**

Summer 2025 Global Markets Compass

## Asset class returns

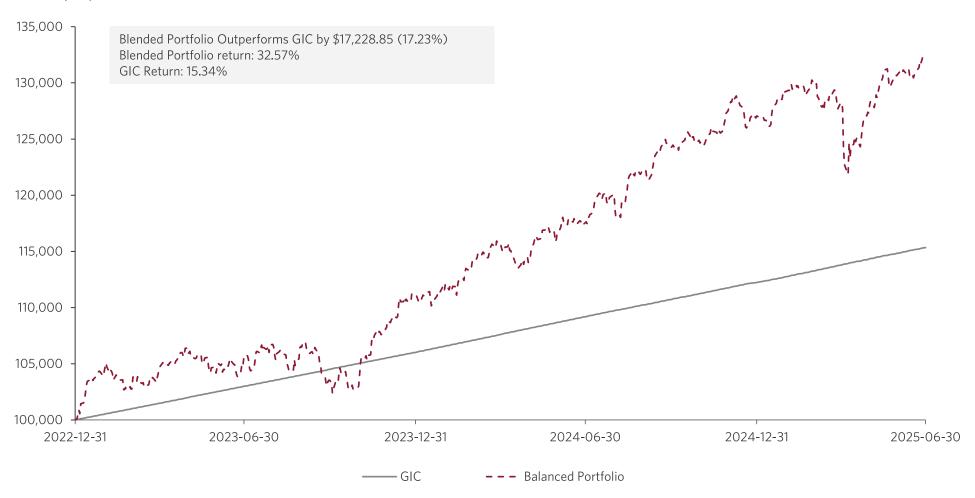
Asset class leadership varies over time based on a variety of factors. Investing in a broadly diversified portfolio will ensure at least some participation in the highest performing asset classes at any given time and is an appropriate prescription for uncertain timing. This approach, proxied by a balanced portfolio, continued to provide superior returns versus cash in Q225.

3 Months	6 Months	1 Year	3 Year	5 Year	7 Year	10 Year
Canadian Equities 8.53%	International Equities 13.78%	Canadian Equities 26.37%	U.S. Equities 21.97%	U.S. Equities 16.68%	U.S. Equities 14.99%	U.S. Equities 14.66%
Canadian Dividend 7.57%	Canadian Dividend 10.36%	Canadian Dividend 24.27%	Global Equities 21.12%	Canadian Dividend 16.11%	Global Equities 12.75%	Global Equities 12.22%
Emerging Market Equities 6.37%	Canadian Equities 10.17%	International Equities 18.00%	International Equities 18.77%	Global Equities 15.13%	Canadian Dividend 10.84%	Canadian Dividend 10.20%
International Equities 6.25%	Emerging Market Equities 9.65%	Global Equities 16.44%	Canadian Equities 16.08%	Canadian Equities 15.03%	Canadian Equities 10.76%	Canadian Equities 9.61%
Global Equities 5.83%	Global Equities 4.13%	Emerging Market Equities 15.64%	Canadian Dividend 14.67%	International Equities 11.76%	International Equities 8.30%	International Equities 7.99%
U.S. Equities 5.18%	Balanced Portfolio 3.83%	U.S. Equities 14.84%	Emerging Market Equities 12.31%	Balanced Portfolio 7.48%	Balanced Portfolio 6.71%	Balanced Portfolio 6.77%
Balanced Portfolio 2.73%	Canadian High Yield 3.17%	Balanced Portfolio 12.07%	Balanced Portfolio 12.01%	Emerging Market Equities 7.30%	Canadian High Yield 5.56%	Emerging Market Equities 6.17%
Canadian High Yield 1.91%	Canadian Corporate Bonds 2.28%	Canadian High Yield 10.03%	Canadian High Yield 9.15%	Canadian High Yield 6.72%	Emerging Market Equities 5.46%	Canadian High Yield 5.97%
Cash 0.64%	Global Bonds 1.77%	Global Bonds 8.18%	Canadian Corporate Bonds 6.27%	Cash 2.62%	Canadian Corporate Bonds 3.16%	Canadian Corporate Bonds 3.04%
Canadian Corporate Bonds 0.45%	Cash 1.48%	Canadian Corporate Bonds 8.15%	Cash 4.22%	Canadian Corporate Bonds 1.69%	Cash 2.33%	Cash 1.82%
Global Bonds -0.85%	Canadian Gov Bonds 1.17%	Canadian Gov Bonds 5.47%	Canadian Gov Bonds 3.65%	Canadian Gov Bonds -1.10%	Canadian Gov Bonds 1.39%	Canadian Gov Bonds 1.48%
Canadian Gov Bonds -0.90%	U.S. Equities 0.76%	Cash 3.82%	Global Bonds 3.60%	Global Bonds -2.45%	Global Bonds 0.13%	Global Bonds 1.45%

## Hypothetical growth in \$100,000 in GIC vs. Balanced Portfolio

From December 31, 2022 to June 30, 2025 the Balanced Portfolio generated \$17,228.85 more than GIC on a \$100,000 initial investment.

#### Growth of \$100,000 in GIC vs Balanced Portfolio



Source: CIBC Asset Management and Bloomberg. Balanced Portfolio performance is proxied by CIBC Smart Balanced. This hypothetical scenario is shown for illustrative purposes only and is not indicative of future results. Please refer to the Disclaimer page for further information.

## Asset class correlations

Currency: CAD	Cash	Canadian Equities	Canadian Dividend	Canadian Bond	Canadian High Yield	US Equities	Global Equities	International Equities	Emerging Market Equities	Global Bonds	Benchmark
Cash	1.00	0.13	0.17	0.22	0.31	0.15	0.13	-0.08	-0.08	0.43	FTSE Canada 91 Day T-Bill Index
Canadian Equities	-0.06	1.00	0.98	0.66	0.58	0.77	0.82	0.49	0.13	0.34	S&P/TSX Composite Index
Canadian Dividend	-0.09	0.99	1.00	0.69	0.55	0.66	0.73	0.55	0.15	0.43	S&P/TSX Composite Dividend Index
Canadian Bonds	0.14	0.48	0.43	1.00	0.58	0.38	0.44	0.50	0.20	0.78	FTSE Canada Universe Bond Index
Canadian High Yield	-0.02	0.70	0.68	0.49	1.00	0.74	0.72	0.30	0.63	0.45	FTSE Canada High Yield Overall Bond Index
US Equities	0.04	0.81	0.76	0.48	0.52	1.00	0.98	0.35	0.32	0.14	S&P 500 Index
Global Equities	0.06	0.86	0.81	0.52	0.58	0.98	1.00	0.50	0.34	0.19	MSCI World Index
International Equities	0.09	0.82	0.80	0.50	0.59	0.77	0.87	1.00	0.43	0.34	MSCI EAFE® Index
Emerging Market Equities	0.04	0.58	0.54	0.39	0.57	0.53	0.60	0.67	1.00	0.32	MSCI Emerging Markets Index
Global Bonds	0.29	-0.18	-0.22	0.60	-0.06	-0.02	-0.01	0.02	0.06	1.00	Citigroup World Government Bond Index

1-Year Correlations

7-Year Correlations

Source: PC Bond Analytics, FTSE Global Debt Capital Markets Inc., Zephyr Associates Inc, Rimes Technologies Inc, Bloomberg. Canadian currency. Data as of June 30, 2025.

# Appendix - Index returns

Summer 2025 Global Markets Compass

### Canadian bonds: Returns

2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
High Yield	High Yield	Short Term	High Yield	Real Return	Long Term	MBS	High Yield	High Yield	Mid Term
11.48%	10.00%	-4.04%	6.18%	13.02%	12.71%	2.47%	9.94%	16.93%	4.86%
Corporate	Long Term	High Yield	Real Return	Long Term	High Yield	Federal	Long Term	Corporate	Government
6.97%	9.51%	-5.44%	1.84%	11.90%	8.48%	2.39%	7.03%	3.73%	3.84%
Short Term	Corporate	MBS	MBS	Mid Term	Corporate	High Yield	Corporate	Real Return	Long Term
5.70%	8.37%	-5.69%	-0.76%	10.08%	8.05%	2.15%	3.38%	2.86%	3.80%
MBS	Core	Federal	Short Term	Corporate	Real Return	Short Term	Core	Long Term	Federal
4.67%	6.69%	-9.34%	-0.93%	8.74%	8.02%	1.91%	2.52%	2.47%	3.66%
Mid Term	Mid Term	Corporate	Corporate	Government	Core	Mid Term	Government	Core	Core
4.65%	6.13%	-9.87%	-1.34%	8.69%	6.87%	1.91%	2.18%	1.66%	3.52%
Core	Government	Mid Term	Core	Core	Government	Government	MBS	Mid Term	Real Return
4.23%	6.11%	-10.29%	-2.54%	8.68%	6.42%	1.53%	0.97%	1.61%	2.79%
Real Return	Short Term	Core	Federal	Federal	Mid Term	Core	Mid Term	MBS	Corporate
3.73%	5.02%	-11.69%	-2.62%	7.28%	5.75%	1.41%	0.96%	1.24%	2.71%
Federal	Federal	Government	Mid Term	High Yield	Federal	Corporate	Real Return	Short Term	Short Term
3.48%	5.00%	-12.34%	-2.69%	6.69%	3.73%	1.10%	0.72%	1.01%	2.61%
Government	MBS	Real Return	Government	MBS	MBS	Long Term	Federal	Government	MBS
3.31%	4.15%	-14.32%	-2.97%	5.95%	3.21%	0.31%	0.13%	0.89%	2.54%
Long Term	Real Return	Long Term	Long Term	Short Term	Short Term	Real Return	Short Term	Federal	High Yield
1.35%	1.99%	-21.76%	-4.52%	5.29%	3.10%	-0.05%	0.08%	0.00%	-3.81%

# Global equities: GICS sector returns

2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Communication Services 46.44%	Information Technology 49.53%	Energy 58.33%	Energy 40.57%	Information Technology 41.73%	Information Technology 40.66%	Health Care 12.33%	Information Technology 29.63%	Energy 23.16%	Consumer Staples 28.48%
Information Technology 45.18%	Communication Services 42.08%	Utilities 3.11%	Information Technology 29.04%	Consumer Discretionary 34.59%	Industrials 22.00%	Utilities 12.16%	Materials 20.98%	Materials 18.79%	Health Care 28.43%
Financials 39.01%	Consumer Discretionary 31.89%	Health Care 1.94%	Financials 27.60%	Communication Services 21.27%	Communication Services 21.46%	Information Technology 6.55%	Industrials 17.62%	Industrials 9.62%	Consumer Discretionary 27.06%
Consumer Discretionary 32.98%	Industrials 20.49%	Consumer Staples 1.31%	Health Care 19.32%	Materials 18.38%	Consumer Discretionary 20.69%	Consumer Discretionary 3.45%	Consumer Discretionary 16.06%	Financials 9.26%	Information Technology 26.18%
Utilities 24.26%	Financials 13.86%	Financials -2.99%	Consumer Discretionary 17.17%	Health Care 12.10%	Financials 20.02%	Communication Services -0.94%	Financials 15.30%	Information Technology 8.10%	Communication Services 24.00%
Industrials 23.94%	Materials 12.24%	Materials -3.80%	Industrials 16.07%	Industrials 10.22%	Materials 17.67%	Consumer Staples -1.34%	Health Care 12.51%	Utilities 3.19%	Industrials 18.13%
Consumer Staples 15.99%	Health Care 1.48%	Industrials -6.42%	Materials 15.79%	Consumer Staples 6.62%	Health Care 17.63%	Industrials -6.36%	Consumer Staples 10.06%	Communication Services 2.86%	Financials 16.49%
Energy 13.03%	Energy 0.75%	Information Technology -25.56%	Communication Services 13.81%	Utilities 3.78%	Consumer Staples 17.34%	Energy -7.55%	Utilities 7.08%	Consumer Discretionary 0.06%	Utilities 12.98%
Health Care 10.82%	Consumer Staples 0.26%	Consumer Discretionary -28.28%	Consumer Staples 12.76%	Financials -3.89%	Utilities 17.33%	Financials -8.94%	Communication Services -0.26%	Consumer Staples -1.26%	Materials 2.09%
Materials 3.48%	Utilities -1.51%	Communication Services -32.14%	Utilities 9.81%	Energy -31.74%	Energy 6.79%	Materials -9.04%	Energy -1.08%	Health Care -9.56%	Energy -6.66%

### Canadian equities: Returns

3 Months	6 Months	1 Year	3 Year	5 Year	7 Year	10 Year
Small Cap	Small Cap	Value	Growth	Value	Value	Value
11.75%	12.74%	33.48%	19.41%	20.16%	11.16%	10.43%
Core	Value	Core	Value	Equity Income	Large Cap	Dividend
8.53%	10.53%	26.37%	16.15%	16.67%	11.00%	10.20%
Large Cap	Dividend	Large Cap	Core	Dividend	Dividend	Large Cap
7.59%	10.36%	26.31%	16.08%	16.11%	10.84%	9.98%
Dividend	Core	Dividend	Large Cap	Small Cap	Core	Core
7.57%	10.17%	24.27%	15.48%	15.06%	10.76%	9.61%
Value	Large Cap	Small Cap	Dividend	Core	Growth	Equity Income
6.87%	9.46%	23.10%	14.67%	15.03%	10.06%	8.78%
REIT	REIT	Equity Income	Small Cap	Large Cap	Equity Income	Growth
6.58%	8.59%	21.95%	14.06%	14.95%	10.00%	8.57%
Equity Income	Equity Income	Growth	Equity Income	Growth	Small Cap	Small Cap
5.27%	8.39%	21.24%	10.04%	10.34%	7.57%	7.18%
Growth	Preferred	REIT	REIT	REIT	REIT	REIT
3.15%	4.23%	14.16%	3.28%	6.18%	3.92%	5.23%
Preferred	Growth	Preferred	Preferred	Preferred	Preferred	Preferred
3.07%	3.36%	10.53%	2.43%	4.54%	-0.88%	-0.86%

### Canadian equities: Returns

2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Growth	Growth	Value	Value	Small Cap	Equity Income	REIT	Growth	Small Cap	REIT
28.99%	12.27%	1.51%	36.18%	12.87%	25.81%	6.29%	13.06%	38.48%	-4.74%
Value	Large Cap	Equity Income	Equity Income	Growth	Value	Growth	REIT	Equity Income	<b>V</b> alue
27.43%	12.05%	0.65%	36.10%	10.53%	22.93%	-6.05%	9.85%	28.49%	-6.38%
Core	Core	Dividend	REIT	Core	Core	Large Cap	Large Cap	Value	Dividend
21.65%	11.83%	-0.09%	35.22%	5.60%	22.84%	-7.58%	9.78%	27.01%	-7.66%
Large Cap	Value	Core	Large Cap	Large Cap	REIT	Dividend	Dividend	Dividend	Large Cap
21.04%	10.51%	-5.75%	28.05%	5.56%	22.79%	-8.59%	9.33%	24.00%	-7.76%
Dividend	Dividend	Large Cap	Dividend	Dividend	Large Cap	Core	Core	Large Cap	Core
19.85%	9.63%	-6.24%	27.82%	1.08%	21.93%	-8.88%	9.08%	21.36%	-8.33%
Small Cap	Equity Income	Growth	Core	Preferred	Dividend	Equity Income	Preferred	Core	Growth
18.83%	6.97%	-7.53%	25.15%	0.05%	21.71%	-10.77%	8.34%	21.08%	-10.53%
Preferred	Small Cap	Small Cap	Small Cap	Equity Income	Growth	Value	Equity Income	REIT	Small Cap
17.58%	4.79%	-9.29%	20.27%	-7.39%	20.44%	-11.86%	7.61%	17.63%	-13.31%
Equity Income	REIT	REIT	Growth	Value	Small Cap	Preferred	Value	Growth	Equity Income
15.68%	2.80%	-16.99%	14.84%	-7.55%	15.84%	-12.21%	5.84%	14.20%	-14.55%
REIT	Preferred	Preferred	Preferred	REIT	Preferred	Small Cap	Small Cap	Preferred	Preferred
-2.36%	-0.73%	-22.31%	13.65%	-13.08%	-2.02%	-18.17%	2.75%	1.25%	-19.31%

### Asset class returns

2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
US Equities 36.36%	US Equities 22.90%	Cash 1.82%	Canadian Dividend 27.82%	Emerging Market Equities 16.60%	US Equities 24.84%	Global Bonds 8.09%	Emerging Market Equities 28.70%	Canadian Dividend 24.00%	US Equities 21.59%
Global Equities 30.01%	Global Equities 21.08%	Canadian Dividend -0.09%	US Equities 27.61%	US Equities 16.32%	Canadian Equities 22.84%	US Equities 4.23%	International Equities 17.36%	Canadian Equities 21.08%	Global Equities 19.55%
Canadian Equities 21.65%	International Equities 15.66%	Canadian High Yield -5.44%	Canadian Equities 25.15%	Global Equities 14.45%	Global Equities 21.91%	Canadian High Yield 2.15%	Global Equities 14.99%	Canadian High Yield 16.93%	International Equities 19.46%
Canadian Dividend 19.85%	Balanced Portfolio 12.77%	Canadian Equities -5.75%	Global Equities 21.31%	Balanced Portfolio 9.91%	Canadian Dividend 21.71%	Canadian Gov Bonds 1.53%	US Equities 13.83%	US Equities 8.09%	Global Bonds 15.22%
Emerging Market Equities 17.85%	Canadian Equities 11.83%	International Equities -7.76%	International Equities 10.82%	Canadian Corporate Bonds 8.74%	International Equities 16.45%	Cash 1.38%	Canadian High Yield 9.94%	Emerging Market Equities 7.74%	Balanced Portfolio 7.78%
Balanced Portfolio 15.31%	Canadian High Yield 10.00%	Balanced Portfolio -9.09%	Balanced Portfolio 7.53%	Canadian Gov Bonds 8.69%	Emerging Market Equities 12.87%	Canadian Corporate Bonds 1.10%	Canadian Dividend 9.33%	Balanced Portfolio 6.33%	Canadian Gov Bonds 3.84%
International Equities 13.81%	Canadian Dividend 9.63%	Canadian Corporate Bonds -9.87%	Canadian High Yield 6.18%	Global Bonds 8.18%	Balanced Portfolio 12.56%	Global Equities 0.06%	Balanced Portfolio 9.27%	Global Equities 4.41%	Canadian Corporate Bonds 2.71%
Canadian High Yield 11.48%	Canadian Corporate Bonds 8.37%	Global Equities -11.75%	Cash 0.17%	Canadian High Yield 6.69%	Canadian High Yield 8.48%	Balanced Portfolio -0.76%	Canadian Equities 9.08%	Canadian Corporate Bonds 3.73%	Emerging Market Equities 2.42%
Canadian Corporate Bonds 6.97%	Emerging Market Equities 7.31%	US Equities -12.16%	Canadian Corporate Bonds -1.34%	International Equities 6.38%	Canadian Corporate Bonds 8.05%	International Equities -5.55%	Canadian Corporate Bonds 3.38%	Canadian Gov Bonds 0.89%	Cash 0.63%
Global Bonds 5.94%	Canadian Gov Bonds 6.11%	Global Bonds -12.32%	Canadian Gov Bonds -2.97%	Canadian Equities 5.60%	Canadian Gov Bonds 6.42%	Emerging Market Equities -6.52%	Canadian Gov Bonds 2.18%	Cash 0.51%	Canadian High Yield -3.81%
Cash 4.92%	Cash 4.71%	Canadian Gov Bonds -12.34%	Emerging Market Equities -3.06%	Canadian Dividend 1.08%	Cash 1.61%	Canadian Dividend -8.59%	Cash 0.56%	Global Bonds -1.91%	Canadian Dividend -7.66%
Canadian Gov Bonds 3.31%	Global Bonds 2.36%	Emerging Market Equities -13.90%	Global Bonds -7.76%	Cash 0.90%	Global Bonds 0.54%	Canadian Equities -8.88%	Global Bonds 0.43%	International Equities -2.00%	Canadian Equities -8.33%

## US equity performance

3 Months	6 Months	1 Year	3 Year	5 Year	7 Year	10 Year
Mid Cap Growth	Mid Cap Growth	Mid Cap Growth	Large Cap Growth	Large Cap Growth	Large Cap Growth	Large Cap Growth
18.20%	9.79%	26.49%	25.76%	18.15%	17.90%	17.01%
Large Cap Growth	Large Cap Core	Large Cap Growth	Mid Cap Growth	Large Cap Core	Large Cap Core	Large Cap Core
17.84%	6.12%	17.22%	21.46%	16.30%	14.09%	13.35%
Small Cap Growth	Large Cap Growth	Large Cap Core	Large Cap Core	Large Cap Value	Mid Cap Growth	Mid Cap Growth
11.97%	6.09%	15.66%	19.59%	13.93%	12.73%	12.13%
Large Cap Core	Large Cap Value	Mid Cap Core	Mid Cap Core	Mid Cap Value	Mid Cap Core	Mid Cap Core
11.11%	6.00%	15.21%	14.33%	13.71%	10.02%	9.89%
Mid Cap Core	Mid Cap Core	Large Cap Value	Large Cap Value	Mid Cap Core	Large Cap Value	Large Cap Value
8.53%	4.84%	13.70%	12.76%	13.11%	9.59%	9.19%
Small Cap Core	Mid Cap Value	Mid Cap Value	Small Cap Growth	Mid Cap Growth	Mid Cap Value	Mid Cap Value
8.50%	3.12%	11.53%	12.38%	12.65%	8.22%	8.39%
Mid Cap Value	Small Cap Growth	Small Cap Growth	Mid Cap Value	Small Cap Value	Small Cap Growth	Small Cap Growth
5.35%	-0.48%	9.73%	11.34%	12.47%	5.68%	7.13%
Small Cap Value	Small Cap Core					
4.97%	-1.78%	7.68%	10.00%	10.04%	5.52%	7.12%
Large Cap Value	Small Cap Value	Small Cap Value	Small Cap Value	Small Cap Growth	Small Cap Value	Small Cap Value
3.79%	-3.16%	5.54%	7.45%	7.42%	4.85%	6.72%

# US equity performance

2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Large Cap Growth	Large Cap Growth	Large Cap Value	Mid Cap Value	Large Cap Growth	Large Cap Growth	Large Cap Growth	Large Cap Growth	Small Cap Value	Large Cap Growth
33.36%	42.68%	-7.54%	28.34%	38.49%	36.39%	-1.51%	30.21%	31.72%	5.67%
Large Cap Core	Large Cap Core	Mid Cap Value	Small Cap Value	Mid Cap Growth	Mid Cap Growth	Mid Cap Growth	Mid Cap Growth	Small Cap Core	Large Cap Core
24.51%	26.53%	-12.03%	28.27%	35.59%	35.47%	-4.75%	25.27%	21.31%	0.92%
Mid Cap Growth	Mid Cap Growth	Small Cap Value	Large Cap Growth	Small Cap Growth	Large Cap Core	Large Cap Core	Small Cap Growth	Mid Cap Value	Mid Cap Growth
22.10%	25.87%	-14.48%	27.60%	34.63%	31.43%	-4.78%	22.14%	20.00%	-0.20%
Mid Cap Core	Small Cap Growth	Mid Cap Core	Large Cap Core	Large Cap Core	Mid Cap Core	Large Cap Value	Large Cap Core	Large Cap Value	Small Cap Growth
15.34%	18.66%	-17.32%	26.46%	20.96%	30.54%	-8.27%	21.69%	17.34%	-1.38%
Small Cap Growth	Mid Cap Core	Large Cap Core	Large Cap Value	Small Cap Core	Small Cap Growth	Mid Cap Core	Mid Cap Core	Mid Cap Core	Mid Cap Core
15.15%	17.23%	-19.13%	25.16%	19.96%	28.48%	-9.06%	18.52%	13.80%	-2.44%
Large Cap Value	Small Cap Core	Small Cap Core	Mid Cap Core	Mid Cap Core	Mid Cap Value	Small Cap Growth	Small Cap Core	Large Cap Core	Large Cap Value
14.37%	16.93%	-20.44%	22.58%	17.10%	27.06%	-9.33%	14.65%	12.05%	-3.83%
Mid Cap Value	Small Cap Value	Small Cap Growth	Small Cap Core	Mid Cap Value	Large Cap Value	Small Cap Core	Large Cap Value	Small Cap Growth	Small Cap Core
13.07%	14.65%	-26.36%	14.82%	4.96%	26.54%	-11.01%	13.66%	11.28%	-4.41%
Small Cap Core	Mid Cap Value	Mid Cap Growth	Mid Cap Growth	Small Cap Value	Small Cap Core	Mid Cap Value	Mid Cap Value	Mid Cap Growth	Mid Cap Value
11.54%	12.71%	-26.72%	12.73%	4.63%	25.52%	-12.29%	13.34%	7.33%	-4.78%
Small Cap Value	Large Cap Value	Large Cap Growth	Small Cap Growth	Large Cap Value	Small Cap Value	Small Cap Value	Small Cap Value	Large Cap Growth	Small Cap Value
8.05%	11.46%	-29.14%	2.83%	2.80%	22.39%	-12.84%	7.82%	7.08%	-7.47%

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\$255 billion

of assets under management<sup>2</sup>

160+

highly qualified investment professionals with an average of **over 17 years** of industry experience

50+

years of experience in actively managing investment mandates

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Released August 2025.

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